



# Interactivity and the Grid: the Web Service approach

Why web-services?

- because the development of middleware points into this direction.

See:

The Globus Toolkit:

GT2 – pre WS Gram. With GT3 / GT3: WS GRAM

See also:

Unicore:

Unicore 5: no Web Services. Unicore 6: Web Services.

What about glite?

Not yet. But since glite is based on GT2, who knows in which direction glite will evolve. So better be prepared.



## Method 1: using JobFactory

In GT4, WS based job submission is already implemented. Is being used by globusrun-ws:

ManagedJobFactoryService, ManagedJobService, ManagedExecutableJobService, DelegationService, SubscriptionManagerService.

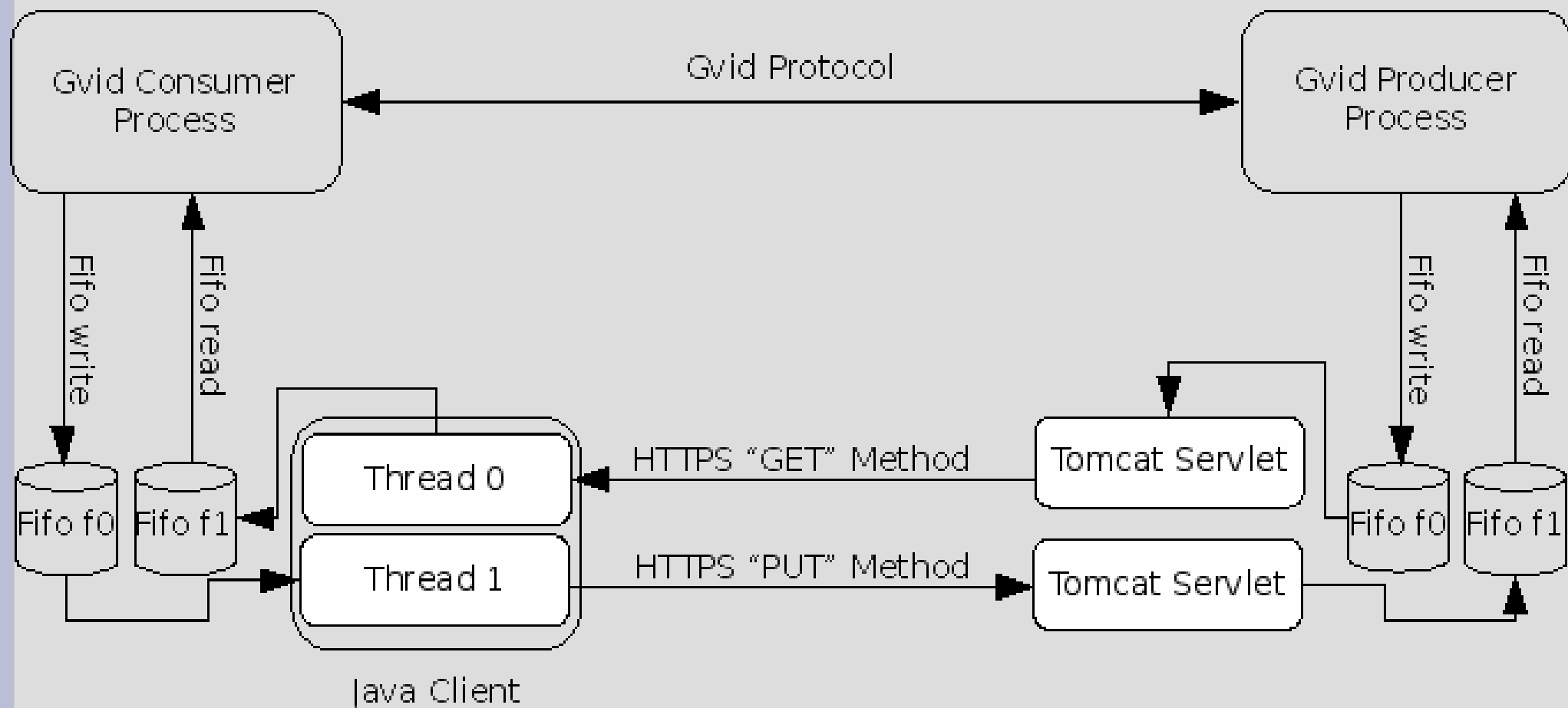
Glogin-ws: a Web Service based method to establish a separate interactive communication channel, same as in pre-WS glogin. Glogin-ws makes use of the same services as globusrun-ws.

Advantage: out of the shelf Web Services can be used.  
Disadvantaged: slower (up to 10 seconds due to gsipftp polling), possible firewall issues.



## Method 2: a dedicated Web Service for Interactivity.

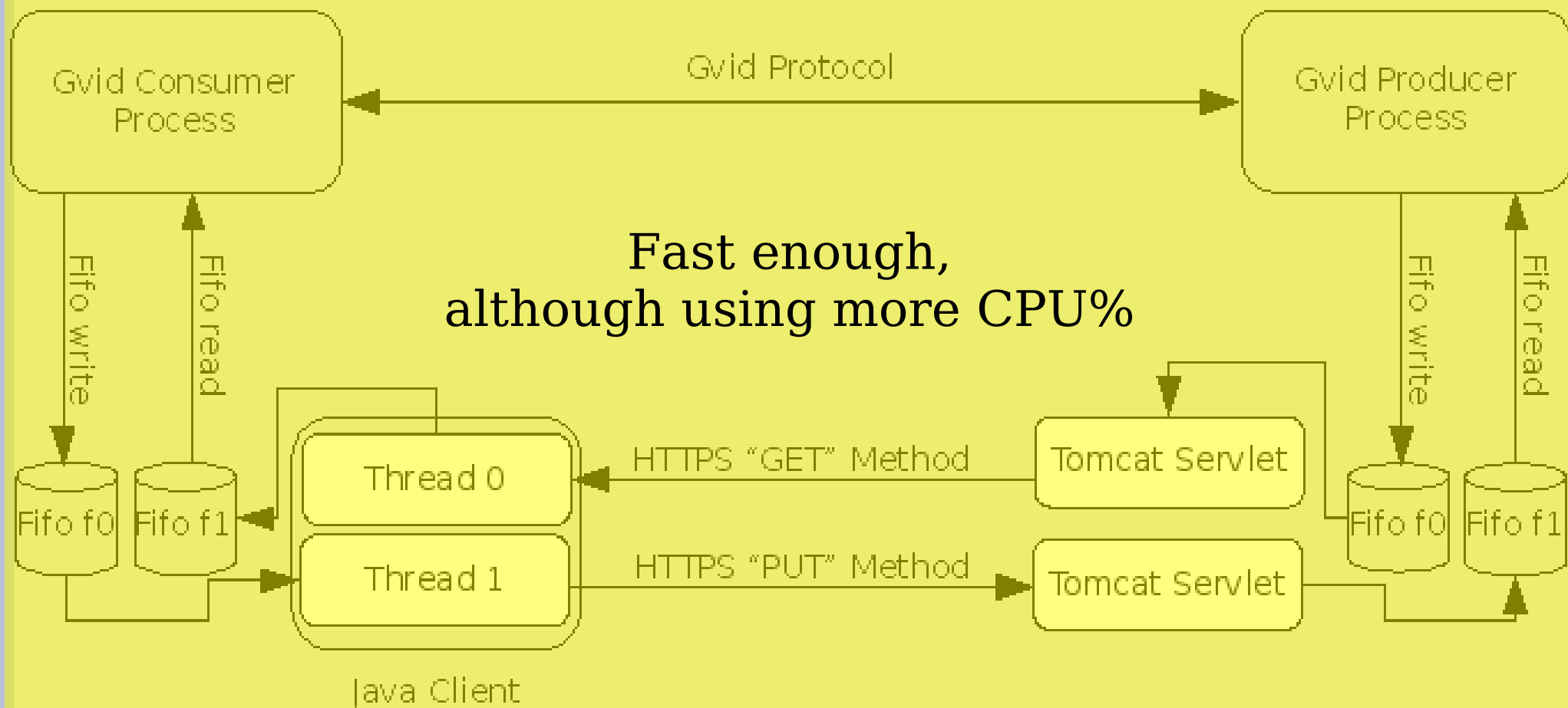
Preliminary Feasibility experiment: Interactive connection with Java (Tomcat as Web Service container) using HTTPS for transportation using "Gvid-Doom".





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## Method 2: a dedicated Web Service for Interactivity.

Web Services are different!

Additional layer (“marshalling”): encapsulation in SOAP/XML

**each** web-service invocation is:

connect()

SSL-Handshake

send SOAP/XML request

receive SOAP/XML reply

disconnect

=> extremely! Slow.



## Method 2: a dedicated Web Service for Interactivity.

If each WS-invocation creates a new connection: can we somehow(??) re-use an existing WS-connection?

Answer: YES!

How is this done:

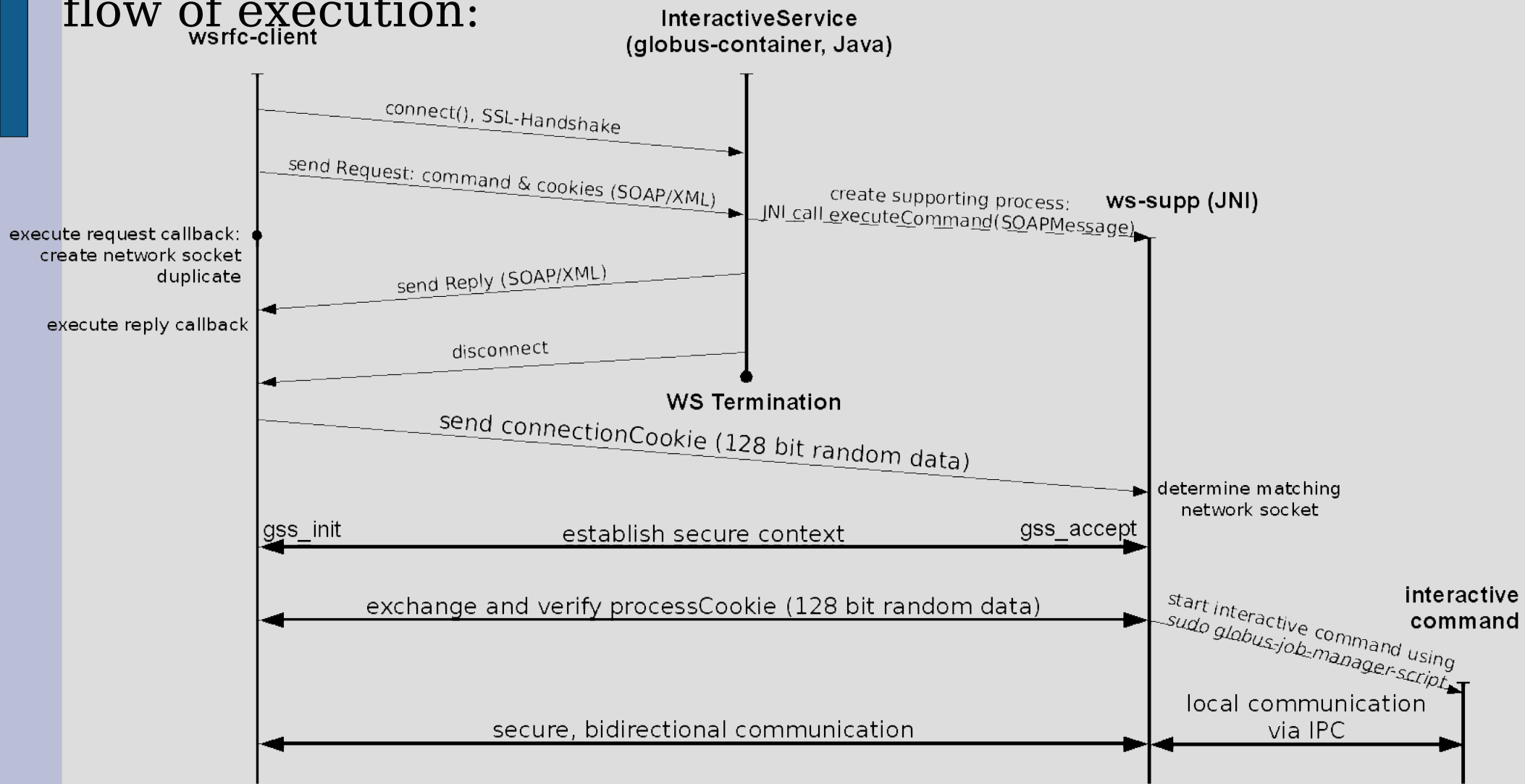
(1) client: asynchronous WS-mechanism with callbacks for request/reply completion: create a copy of the outgoing network descriptor (unix, posix: dup(2))

(2) Web-Service: use a supporting method to search for the network-descriptor a SOAP/XML message was received on. Unfortunately, the `java.net.Socket` object is not passed to the WS-method, so it's necessary to examine all connections in order to find out the right one.



# Method 2: a dedicated Web Service for Interactivity.

To do this, the ws-client and the WS use cookies. Complete flow of execution:





## Conclusion and Future Work

- Conclusion: pretty fast mechanism. Demonstration? Although not pure Java – it's not possible!
- Future Work: Not competing with glogin, but rather: use this Interactive Service as another alternative for glogin's job submission mechanism. (glogin has better optimisation for data transmission)

**That's it. Thanks for listening.**